## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

January 30, 2023

Department of Revenue Analysis of H.F. 721 (Stephenson)

## **INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX** Working Family Credit Expansion

	Yes	No
DOR Administrative		
Costs/Savings	Х	

•		Fund Impact			
	<b>F.Y. 2024</b>	<b>F.Y. 2025</b>	<b>F.Y. 2026</b>	<b>F.Y. 2027</b>	
		(00	00's)		
General Fund	(\$75,500)	(\$76,800)	(\$79,600)	(\$82,300)	

Effective beginning with tax year 2023.

### **EXPLANATION OF THE BILL**

**Current Law:** The Minnesota working family credit is a refundable credit against the individual income tax. To qualify, the taxpayer (or spouse) must have income from wages or self-employment, and total earned income (or adjusted gross income, whichever is larger) cannot exceed a maximum amount.

Proposed Law: The bill is to increase the working family credit as shown in the following tables.

Working Family Credit Rates				
	Credit Rate		Phase-Out Rate	
	Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed
No children	3.9%	9.0%	2.0%	3.5%
One child	9.35%	12.5%	6.0%	7.25%
Two children	11.0%	14.0%	10.5%	10.75%
Three or more children	12.5%	15.0%	10.5%	11.5%

# Working Family Credit: Tax Year 2023

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	Maximum Ea	rned Income	Maximum Credit		
	Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed	
No children	8,110	7,000	316	630	
One child	13,550	12,500	1,267	1,563	
Two children	22,220	19,000	2,444	2,660	
Three or more children	22,670	20,000	2,834	3,000	

### **EXPLANATION OF THE BILL (Cont.)**

Working Family Credit Phase-Out Thresholds: Tax Year 2023					
	Phase-out Thresh	old (All but MJ)	Phase-Out Threshold (MJ)		
	Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed	
No children	9,900	17,000	16,520	25,000	
One child	25,810	25,810	32,430	33,810	
Two children	30,610	31,000	37,230	39,000	
Three or more children	30,950	35,000	37,570	43,000	

The maximum earned income and phase-out thresholds will be indexed for inflation beginning in tax year 2024.

## **REVENUE ANALYSIS DETAIL**

- The House Income Tax Simulation (HITS 7.2) Model was used to estimate the tax year revenue impact. These simulations assume the same economic conditions used by Minnesota Management and Budget for the forecast published in November 2022. The model uses a stratified sample of 2019 individual income tax returns compiled by the Minnesota Department of Revenue.
- Tax year impacts are allocated to the following fiscal year.

#### Number of Taxpayers:

The number of returns receiving the credit would increase from 395,000 to 404,000 in tax year 2023. About 301,300 tax returns would have an average change in tax of about \$250.

Minnesota Department of Revenue Tax Research Division <u>https://www.revenue.state.mn.us/</u> revenue-analyses

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