



2020 Schedule M1MT, Alternative Minimum Tax

Your First Name and Initial _____

Last Name _____

Social Security Number _____

Before you complete this schedule, read the instructions on the next page.

Round amounts to the nearest whole dollar.

- 1 Federal adjusted gross income (from line 1 of Form M1 or line 34 of Schedule M1NC) 1 _____
- 2 This line intentionally left blank 2 _____
- 3 Other adjustments and preferences
(see instructions) 3 _____
- 4 Other additions from Schedule M1M (add lines 3, 4, 8, and 10 of Schedule M1M) 4 _____
- 5 State and municipal bond interest from outside Minnesota (determine from worksheet in instructions) 5 _____
- 6 Intangible drilling costs (determine from instructions) 6 _____
- 7 Depletion (determine from instructions) 7 _____
- 8 Add lines 1 through 7 8 _____
- 9 Medical and dental expense deduction (from line 4 of Schedule M1SA) 9 _____
- 10 Investment interest expense (from line 13 of Schedule M1SA) 10 _____
- 11 Charitable contributions (from line 18 of Schedule M1SA) 11 _____
- 12 Casualty and theft losses (from line 19 of Schedule M1SA) 12 _____
- 13 Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person
(included on line 24 of Schedule M1SA) 13 _____
- 14 Unreimbursed employee business expenses (from line 20 of Schedule M1SA) 14 _____
- 15 State income tax refund (from line 1 of federal Schedule 1) 15 _____
- 16 Federal bonus depreciation subtraction (from line 21 of Schedule M1M) 16 _____
- 17 Net interest or mutual fund dividends from U.S. bonds
(from line 18 of Schedule M1M) 17 _____
- 18 Other subtractions from Schedule M1M
(add lines 20, 22, 24-33, 35, 36, 39-41, 43, and 44) 18 _____
- 19 Add lines 9 through 18 19 _____
- 20 Subtract line 19 from line 8 20 _____
- 21 If married and filing a joint return, or qualifying widow(er): enter \$78,880
If married and filing a separate return: enter \$39,440
If single or head of household: enter \$59,150 21 _____
- 22 If married and filing a joint return, or qualifying widow(er): enter \$150,000
If married and filing a separate return: enter \$ 75,000
If single or head of household: enter \$112,500 22 _____
- 23 Subtract line 22 from line 20 (if zero or less, enter 0) 23 _____
- 24 Multiply line 23 by 25% (.25) 24 _____
- 25 Subtract line 24 from line 21 (if zero or less, enter 0) 25 _____
- 26 Subtract line 25 from line 20 26 _____
- 27 Multiply line 26 by 6.75% (.0675) 27 _____
- 28 Tax from the table (from line 10 of Form M1) 28 _____
- 29 If line 27 is more than line 28, you must pay Minnesota alternative minimum tax. Subtract line 28 from line 27.
Enter the result here and on line 11 of Form M1. (If line 28 is more than line 27, see instructions) 29 _____

Include this schedule and a copy of federal Form 6251 when you file your Form M1.

2020 Schedule M1MT Instructions

Should I file Schedule M1MT?

If you had to pay federal alternative minimum tax (AMT) when you filed your federal Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040NR, you must complete Schedule M1MT to determine if you are required to pay Minnesota AMT. You may be required to pay Minnesota alternative minimum tax even if you did not have to pay federal AMT.

Before you can complete Schedule M1MT, you must first complete Part I of federal Form 6251, even if you were not required to file Form 6251 with your federal return.

You must enclose the completed Form 6251 with your Form M1.

Line Instructions

Round amounts to the nearest whole dollar.

Line 3 - Other adjustments and preferences

Include amounts from lines 2c through 3 of federal Form 6251 and any AMT adjustment from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B).

You must complete the Worksheet for Line 3 if either of the following apply:

- You entered an amount on line 2e of Form 6251 for a federal net operating loss deduction
- You have an excess business loss on line 14 of Schedule M1NC

Worksheet for Line 3

- 1 Total of lines 2c through 3 of federal Form 6251
- 2 Enter the opposite of the amount from line 13 of Schedule M1NC. For example, if the amount is negative, enter it as a positive on Step 2
- 3 Determine your Minnesota Alternative Tax Net Operating Loss Deduction (ATNOLD) (See instructions)
- 4 The difference between your AMT excess business loss and your regular excess business loss. (See instructions)
- 5 Add Steps 1 through 4. Enter the result on line 3

Worksheet Instructions

Step 3 – Alternative Tax Net Operating Loss Deduction

Determine your Minnesota ATNOLD by using your Minnesota net operating loss deduction. Compare the Minnesota ATNOLD to your federal ATNOLD on line 2f of Form 6251. If your Minnesota ATNOLD is less than your federal ATNOLD, enter the difference as a positive amount on Step 3. If your Minnesota ATNOLD is greater than your federal ATNOLD, enter the difference as a negative amount on Step 3.

Step 4 – Excess Business Loss limitation

Complete an AMT Worksheet for Excess Business Losses in the instructions for line 14 of Schedule M1NC using amounts adjusted for AMT. Enter the difference between AMT and regular tax limitation on losses. If Step 14 of the AMT worksheet is less than the amount on Step 14 of the regular tax worksheet, enter the difference as a negative amount.

Keep your AMT Worksheet for Excess Business Losses because you will carry over the amount you determined on Step 14 of your 2019 AMT Worksheet for Excess Business Losses to 2020 and use it to determine your ATNOLD.

Line 5—State and Municipal Bond Interest from Outside Minnesota

Worksheet for Line 5

- 1 Add lines 1 and 2 of Schedule M1M
- 2 Enter the amount of non-Minnesota municipal bond interest included on line 2g of federal Form 6251
- 3 Subtract step 2 from step 1. Enter the result on line 5

Line 6—Intangible Drilling Costs

If, for regular tax purposes, you elected the optional 60-month write-off under section 59(e) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) for all property in this category, skip line 6. No adjustment is necessary.

Intangible drilling costs (IDCs) from oil, gas, and geothermal wells are a tax preference item to the extent that the excess IDCs exceed 65% of the net income from the wells. Compute the tax preference item separately for oil and gas properties and for geothermal properties.

Compute excess IDCs as follows:

1. Figure the amount of your IDCs allowed for regular tax purposes under IRC, section 263(c), but do not include any section 263(c) deduction for nonproductive wells.
2. Subtract from step 1 the amount that would have been allowed had you amortized these IDCs over a 120-month period starting with the month the well was placed in production. If you prefer not to use the 120-month period, you can elect to use any method that is permissible in determining cost depletion.

Determine your net income by taking the gross income you received or accrued during the tax year from oil, gas, and geothermal wells and reducing it by the deductions allocable to these properties (reduced by the excess IDCs).

When refiguring net income, use only income and deductions allowed for AMT purposes.

Note: Do not include any amounts you included on line 3 of this schedule.

Line 7—Depletion

In the case of oil wells and other wells of nonintegrated oil companies, enter the amount by which your depletion deduction under IRC, section 611 exceeds the adjusted basis of the property at the end of your tax year. In computing your year-end adjusted basis, use the rules of IRC, section 1016. However, do not reduce the adjusted basis by the current year's depletion.

Figure the excess amount separately for each property. Only depreciation that exceeds the adjusted basis of a property is treated as a tax preference amount.

Note: Do not include any amounts you included on line 3 of this schedule.

Line 29

Compare your Minnesota alternative minimum tax on line 27 to the tax from the table on line 28:

- **If line 28 is equal to or more than line 27**, you are *not* required to pay Minnesota AMT for 2020. Enter zero on line 29.
 - If you paid Minnesota AMT in one or more years from 1989 through 2019, you should complete Schedule M1MTC, *Alternative Minimum Tax Credit* to see if you are eligible for a credit.
 - If you did not pay Minnesota AMT in any year from 1989 through 2019, do not file Schedule M1MTC.
- **If line 27 is more than line 28**, you are required to pay Minnesota AMT for 2020.
 - Subtract line 28 from line 27. Enter the result on line 29 and on line 11 of Form M1.

Include this schedule and a copy of federal Form 6251 when you file Form M1.