MINNESOTA · REVENUE

Schedule M1R, Age 65 or Older/Disabled Subtraction 2016

Sequence #15

Before you complete this schedule, read the instructions on the back to see if you are eligible. If you are married and filing separate federal income tax returns, you are not eligible for this subtraction unless you and your spouse lived apart for all of 2016.

Your First Name and Initial		nd Initial	Last Name	Social S	ecurity Number
	1		federal income tax return, enter \$12,0 married and filing separate, enter \$6,0	_	Round amounts to th nearest whole dollar.
	3	spouse if filing a joint return) are ur insurance payments included on lir If you (or your spouse if filing a joint from line 1 above. If you (and your st than 65, enter the amount from lin	t return) are 65 or older, enter 0. If you nder age 65, enter your disability pensione 7 of federal Form 1040 or Form 104 treturn) are 65 or older, enter the amospouse if filing a joint return) are younge 1 or line 2, whichever is less	ons and IOA	
	-		, enter 0		4
_	5	b Taxable Social Security benefits federal Form 1040 or line 14b of	our SSA-1099 forms)	5b	
Determining Subtraction	6	b Railroad Retirement Board ben	m your RRB-1099 forms)		
Determin	7		nefits received (add lines 6a and 6b) .		
	8 9	a Federal adjusted gross income federal Form 1040 or line 21 orb Railroad Retirement Board benefit	F Form 1040A)	9a	
		Amount from the instructions for lin Subtract line 10 from line 9 (if resu	received a lump-sum distribution, see e 10 (on the back of this schedule) It is zero or less, on to line 13)		10
		Subtract line 12 from line 8 (if resu	It is zero or less, you do not qualify for of Schedule M1M	this subtraction).	

You must include this schedule with your Form M1.

2016 Schedule M1R Instructions

Am I eligible?

To qualify for this subtraction, you must meet the income requirements and you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) must:

- Have been born before January 2, 1952; or
- Meet the disability requirements.

If you are married and filing separate federal income tax returns, you are not eligible unless you and your spouse lived apart for all of 2016.

What are the disability requirements?

To meet the disability requirements, you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) must:

- Have been permanently and totally disabled by the end of 2016;
- Have received federally taxable disability income in 2016.

You may be eligible if at any time a physician signed the statement in the instructions for Schedule R of Form 1040A or 1040 certifying that you are permanently and totally disabled.

If you are a veteran, you may qualify if you received a signed certification from the Department of Veterans Affairs stating that you are permanently and totally disabled.

If you have never filed federal Schedule R but believe you are permanently and totally disabled, ask your physician to determine whether you meet the disability requirements. If so, have your physician sign the statement, and keep it with your tax records. It is not necessary for you to file federal Schedule R with the IRS to be eligible for the Minnesota subtraction.

What are the income requirements?

If you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) meet the age or disability requirements, use the table below to see if you are eligible for the subtraction.

You Qualify if You Are:	And Your Adjusted Gross Income* Is Less Than:	Benefits And Nontaxable
Filing single, head of household or qualifying widow(er), and you are 65 or older or disabled	\$33,700	\$ 9,600
Married filing a joint retur and both spouses are 65 or older or disabled	r	\$12,000
Married filing a joint retur and one spouse is 65 or older or disabled		\$12,000
Married filing a separate return, you are 65 or older or disabled, and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2016		\$ 6,000

^{*} Adjusted gross income is federal adjusted gross income (line 37 of federal Form 1040 or line 21 of Form 1040A) plus any lump-sum distributions reported on federal Form 4972, less any taxable Railroad Retirement Board benefits (see line 9 instructions).

Line Instructions

Line 9

Adjusted Gross Income

If you received a lump-sum distribution and used the ten-year averaging and/or the capital gain election on federal Form 4972, follow the steps below to determine line 9:

- From the front of this schedule, subtract line 9b from line 9a
 From your federal Form 4972, add line 10 and any capital gain reported on line 6. (The line 6 amount
- 3 Add steps 1 and 2, and enter the result here and on line 9 of Schedule M1R

must also be reported on line 12 of Schedule M1M)

Line 10

Enter the dollar amount for your filing status from the following:

Filing single, head of household or qualifying widow(er), and you are 65 or older or disabled \$14,500
Married filing a joint return and both spouses are either 65 or older or disabled\$18,000
Married filing a joint return and one spouse is 65 or older or disabled \$14,500
Married filing a separate return and you are 65 or older or disabled