## **AMTT** MINNESOTA-REVENUE

## **Alternative Minimum Tax 2014**

Calculation of lax		$B_{i}$	$B_{_2}$	$B_3$
•	businesses: Complete a column for FEIN	Single/designated filer		
Computation	AMT computation  1 Alternative minimum taxable income (from AMTI, line 18) 1 ■  2 Apportionment factor (from M4A, line 9) 2 ■  3 Multiply line 1 by line 2 3 ■  4 Minnesota nonapportionable income (from M4T, line 4) 4 ■  5 Add lines 3 and 4. If zero or less, skip lines 6a, 6b and 6, and enter zero on line 7 5 ■  6 a Alternative minimum tax (AMT) net-operating-loss deduction (see instructions below) 6a ■  b Deduction for dividends received (from M4T, line 8b; do not exceed 90 percent of line 5) 6b ■  Total (add lines 6a and 6b; do not exceed 90 percent of line 5) 6b ■  7 Minnesota alternative minimum taxable income (subtract line 6 from line 5) 7 ■  8 Tentative minimum tax (multiply line 7 by 0.058) 8 ■  9 Regular tax (from M4T, line 12) 9 ■  10 AMT (subtract line 9 from line 8; if zero or less, enter zero) 10 ■ Enter amounts on M4T, line 13.			
Credit and Carryover	AMT credit  11 AMT credit carryover from 2013 (from 2013 AMTT, line 15)  12 Subtract line 8 from line 9 (if zero or less, enter zero)  13 AMT credit (enter the amount from line 11 or 12, whichever is less)			
	20 / in order control to 2010 (Sabtract line 15 from line 14)			

## **Instructions for line 6a**

A net operating loss must include all adjustments and preference items listed on Schedule AMTI (including the adjusted current earnings statement) in order to be used as an alternative tax net operating loss. Net operating losses may be carried forward only. The carry forward period is 15 years. Attach a schedule showing the computation of your alternative tax net-operating-loss deduction. The amount on line 6a must not exceed 90 percent of line 5.