## MINNESOTA · REVENUE

## ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE EXCISE TAX Rate Increases

April 20, 2005

	Yes	No		
Separate Official Fiscal Note				
Requested	X			
Fiscal Impact				
DOR Administrative				
Costs/Savings	X			

Department of Revenue

Analysis of S.F. 606 (Marty) / H.F. 1014 (Clark) – Sections 20 to 23 Only

	Fund Impact			
	<b>F.Y. 2006</b>	<b>F.Y. 2007</b>	F.Y. 2008	<b>F.Y. 2009</b>
	$(000^{\circ}s)$			
Net Impact of Tax Rate Increase*	\$228,968	\$252,769	\$255,465	\$258,675
Sales Tax on Alcoholic Beverages	<u>\$9,516</u>	<u>\$8,679</u>	<u>\$8,773</u>	\$8,881
<b>General Fund Total</b>	\$238,484	\$261,448	\$264,238	\$267,556

<sup>\*</sup> Includes adjustments for refunds, small brewers credit, and miniatures

Effective for taxes imposed after June 30, 2005.

## **EXPLANATION OF THE BILL**

The bill would increase the excise tax on beer, wine, and spirits:

Current	<u>Proposed</u>
\$2.40	\$35.32
\$4.60	\$37.52
\$.04	\$.60
\$.08	\$.64
\$.25	\$.81
\$.48	\$1.04
\$1.33	\$4.73
	\$2.40 \$4.60 \$.04 \$.08 \$.25 \$.48

Also, the small brewer tax credit on up to 25,000 barrels per year is increased from \$4.60 per barrel to \$37.52 per barrel, with no change in the maximum credit of \$115,000. The tax on miniatures is increased from 14 cents per bottle to 24 cents per bottle.

Department of Revenue Analysis of S.F. 606 / H.F. 1014 Page two

## REVENUE ANALYSIS DETAIL

- Baseline revenues are the February 2005 forecast for the alcohol beverage excise taxes.
- Minnesota excise tax collection information provides quantities sold for each beverage type.
- The 9% sales tax on alcoholic beverages is reported separately. Minnesota retail sales of alcoholic beverages are derived from the forecast of the sales tax on alcoholic beverages.
- Retail sales by type are based on national retail sales information for beer, wine, and spirits.
- Elasticity factors were used as follows: -0.278 for beer, -0.680 for wine, and -0.571 for spirits. New sales and excise tax revenue amounts were calculated using price and quantity information resulting from the proposed additional excise tax rates.
- Indian alcohol tax refunds are assumed to grow at a proportional rate to the proposed additional tax. All refunds would continue to be paid from the general fund.
- Because this law becomes effective July 1, 2005, 11 months of collections of the additional alcohol excise tax would be realized in fiscal year 2006.
- The credit to small brewers impacts approximately 140,000 barrels annually.
- The estimated effect for the increased sales tax from the additional excise tax on alcoholic beverages includes adjustments for the effective date of the proposal and current law rate change from 9% to 6.5% effective for sales and purchases after December 31, 2005.

**NUMBER OF TAXPAYERS AFFECTED**: 135 distributors of beer and 65 distributors of wine and distilled spirits.

Source: Minnesota Department of Revenue

Tax Research Division

http://www.taxes.state.mn.us/taxes/legal\_policy

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