Vending Machines and Other Coin-Operated Devices

What’s new in 2017
Starting July 1, 2017:
- The only taxable food sold through vending machines is prepared food, soft drinks, candy, and dietary supplements.
- Purchases of music by jukebox operators for use in a jukebox are exempt from sales tax.

This fact sheet covers:
- which sales and purchases are taxable
- who is responsible for reporting the sales
- how to compute sales tax

Sales

Food and drinks
Starting July 1, 2017, the only taxable food sold through vending machines, snack boxes, or honor boxes is prepared food, soft drinks, candy, and dietary supplements. Previously, all food sold through a vending machine was taxable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxable vending machine sales</th>
<th>Nontaxable vending machine sales</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Candy bars</td>
<td>Bottled water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honey roasted nuts</td>
<td>Cookies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hot coffee or cocoa</td>
<td>Licorice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soda pop</td>
<td>Carton of milk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sports drinks</td>
<td>Muffins</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sales from powdered beverage dispensers are also taxable.

Exempt or Nonprofit Organizations
Prepared food, soft drinks, candy, and dietary supplements sold from vending machines by an exempt or non-profit organization are taxable.

Health care products
Over-the-counter drugs
All drugs for human use, including over-the-counter drugs are exempt, even when sold through a vending machine.

To determine if an over-the-counter item is a nontaxable drug, the product label must include a “Drug Facts” panel, or a list of active ingredients. For example, eye drops are taxable unless they have an active ingredient or a Drug Facts panel on the label.

Grooming and hygiene products
Certain grooming and hygiene products are taxable. Examples include:
- antiperspirants
- baby lotions
- cleaning solutions
- combs
- condoms
- nail clippers
- shampoo
- soaps
- sunscreen
- suntan lotions

Sales and Use Tax Division – Mail Station 6330 – St. Paul, MN 55146-6330
Phone: 651-296-6181 or 1-800-657-3777
Email: salesuse.tax@state.mn.us

This fact sheet is intended to help you become more familiar with Minnesota tax laws and your rights and responsibilities under the laws. Nothing in this fact sheet supersedes, alters, or otherwise changes any provisions of the tax law, administrative rules, court decisions, or revenue notices. Alternative formats available upon request.

Stock No. 2800158, Revised August 2017

Minnesota Revenue, Vending Machines . . .
cosmetics
hand lotions
mouthwash
tissues
toothbrushes
toothpaste

Examples of nontaxable grooming and hygiene products include:
- baby bottles
- diapers
- feminine hygiene products
- pacifiers
- teething rings

For more information see:
- Fact Sheet 117A, Drugs
- Fact Sheet 117F, Grooming and Hygiene Products

**Clothing**
Clothing sold through vending machines is not taxable. Examples include:
- bathing suits
- diapers
- stockings

Clothing accessories sold through a vending machine are taxable. Examples include:
- ear or nose plugs
- jewelry

**Miscellaneous**

**Animal feed**
Animal feed sold from vending machines is taxable, including sales from dispensers located at parks and zoos.

**Baggage cart rentals**
Baggage cart rentals are taxable.

**Blood pressure and pulse rate machines**
Sales made through coin-operated machines that check blood pressure or pulse rate are not taxable.

**Cigarettes**
Cigarettes are not taxable at the retail level.

**Miscellaneous goods**
Vending machine sales of items such as books, color crayons, magazines, pencils, phone cards, sewing kits, shoe polish, shoe shine cloths, souvenirs, and writing tablets are taxable.

**Newspapers and postage stamps**
Newspapers and postage stamps are not taxable.

**Parking meters and coin-operated utilities**
Sales made through parking meters and coin-operated showers, lights, and toilets are not taxable.

**Photocopies**
Photocopies are taxable whether the customer or the business operates the copy machine.

**Pull tabs**
Pull tabs sold through dispensing devices are not subject to sales tax. For more information on taxes that apply to gambling devices, contact the Special Taxes Division of the Minnesota Department of Revenue at 651-297-1772.

**Coin-operated laundries**
Generally, laundry and dry cleaning services are taxable. However, sales made through coin-operated washers and dryers that are operated by the customer are not taxable. Sales of laundry detergents, bleach, softeners, candy, and soft drinks are taxable. For more information, see Fact Sheet 120, Laundry and Cleaning Services.

**Car washes**
Sales made through coin-operated car washes and vacuums are taxable. Sales of towels, chamois cloths, cleaning supplies, and deodorizers sold through vending machines are also taxable. For more information, see the Motor Vehicle Industry Guide.

**Coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices**
The use of all coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices is taxable. Examples include:
- batting cages
- cranes
- foosball and pool tables
- fortune telling machines
- jukeboxes
- photo or video booths
- video and pinball games
- rides

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## Purchases

### Products for resale

Do not pay sales or use tax on items you sell in a vending machine. Instead, give your supplier a completed Form ST3, Certificate of Exemption. Specify the Resale exemption.

If you pay sales tax on the products you resell in a vending machine, you may deduct the sales tax you paid from the tax you remit on your sales tax return. For more information, see “Calculating your sales tax”, on page 3.

### Coin-operated entertainment and amusement device exemption

Beginning July 1, 2014, Minnesota law provides an exemption for the purchase of certain coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices. For a list of these devices, see “Coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices”, on page 2.

This exemption applies to purchases by retailers who either:

- sell admissions to places of amusement where coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices are provided; or
- make available coin-operated entertainment devices and amusement devices.

**Note:** This exemption does not include repair or replacement parts for these devices.

Vending machines, lottery devices, or gaming devices do not qualify for this exemption.

### Jukebox purchases

Starting July 1, 2017, purchases of music by jukebox operators who charge customers for use of the jukebox are exempt from sales tax as long as the music is only used for the jukebox. The music may be either a digital audio work or in tangible form such as a record or compact disc. Previously, the purchases of music by jukebox operators were taxable.

### Tokens, tickets, and prizes

Most prizes given away to winners of games of chance, amusement, or skill are taxable to operators of the machines. Tokens used to operate the machines or tickets used to redeem prizes are also taxable to the operator. Purchases of tokens, tickets, and prizes are taxable unless the item itself is exempt or the exemption below applies.

There is an exemption for prizes for games of skill or chance conducted at events such as carnivals, festivals, and fairs *lasting less than six days*. Give your supplier a completed Form ST3, Certificate of Exemption. Use Code “Other” and write in “Prizes”.

### Vending machine purchases

When you buy or lease a new or used vending machine or other coin-operated device for use in Minnesota, you must either pay sales tax or accrue use tax on the purchase price or lease payments.

If a Minnesota company buys a machine for temporary use in another state and later brings it into Minnesota for use, use tax is due on the purchase price of the machine.

If you were required to pay another state’s sales tax, but it was lower than Minnesota’s rate, the use tax is based on the difference in rates. For more information, see “Use tax” on this page.

### Repair parts and repair labor

Parts used to repair machines are taxable. Repair labor is not taxable if the repair labor is separately stated on the invoice. If labor is not separately stated, the entire amount of the invoice is taxable.

### Use tax

Use tax applies when you buy, lease, or rent taxable items or services used in your business without paying sales tax to the seller. Use tax is based on your cost of the taxable item. For more information, see Fact Sheet 146, Use Tax for Businesses.

## Reporting sales tax

### Who remits the tax?

The vending machine operator must report the sales tax due from vending machines. If you are the one who removes the money, you must report and remit the tax on all sales.

Some cities require licenses or permits to place vending machines at specific sites. If the permit or license is obtained by the owner of the premises, the operator of the machine is still responsible for the sales tax.

### Calculating your sales tax

You must calculate sales tax on total receipts from vending machines and amusement devices. You cannot deduct the cost of items sold, machine rental, or space...
rental. If you pay a rental fee or a percentage of sales to the owner of the machine’s location, you must calculate sales tax before deducting any fees or commissions.

Separating taxable and nontaxable sales
If you sell both taxable and nontaxable items from vending machines, you must keep accurate records separating the sales of nontaxable items from the taxable sales. If records are not kept separating taxable and nontaxable items, all sales are considered taxable.

Subtracting sales tax from your receipts
Vending machine receipts include all applicable state and local sales tax. Since vending machine receipts include the sales tax collected, you need to subtract the sales tax from your receipts before you report your sales and use tax.

Credit for sales tax paid on products
If you paid sales tax on products you sold through vending machines, you must make an adjustment for the tax paid before you report the sales on your return. Report the full sales amount as “Gross receipts”. Report the difference between the sales price of the item and your cost of the item (not including tax) as “General rate sales”, and on any applicable local tax line. Since you already paid tax on your cost of the item, this adjustment will result in reporting tax on your markup only.

Local sales and use taxes
If you are making sales in an area with local taxes, local sales or use tax may also be due. For more information, see:

- Fact Sheet 164, Local Sales and Use Taxes
- Fact Sheet 164M, Minneapolis Special Local Taxes
- Fact Sheet 164S, Special Local Taxes

Note: Minneapolis entertainment tax also applies to the charge to use amusement devices or games in Minneapolis.

Required records
You must keep your receipts for all products, equipment, and repair parts that you buy. Be sure to keep any other records that show you have accurately reported your sales and that you have paid any use tax due on purchases.

How to report sales and use tax
You can report state, local sales, and use taxes electronically at www.revenue.state.mn.us. If you do not have Internet access, you can file by phone at 1-800-570-3329.

For more information on how to file:
1. Go to our website, www.revenue.state.mn.us
2. Click “Sales and Use Tax”
3. Under “I need to file Sales and Use Tax…”, click “Electronically” or “Phone”.

Legal References
Minnesota Statutes 297A.61
subd. 3, Sale and purchase
subd. 34, Taxable food sold through vending machines
Minnesota Statutes 297A.67
subd. 5, Exempt meals at schools
subd. 32, Cigarettes
Minnesota Statutes 297A.68
subd. 3a, Coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices

Other Fact Sheets
102A, Food and Food Ingredients
102B, Candy
102C, Soft Drinks and Other Beverages
102D, Prepared Food
102E, Dietary Supplements
105, Clothing
117A, Drugs
117F, Grooming and Hygiene Products
120, Laundry and Cleaning Services
146, Use Tax for Businesses
164, Local Sales and Use Taxes
164M, Minneapolis Special Local Taxes
164S, Special Local Taxes

Industry Guides
Motor Vehicle